

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2 797 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 STR

VAR G1=H/A
REP G2=(0-20) A
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS MCY UNS AT 21
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS E6 C AT 21

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC 7

NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

174 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L2 SSS FUL L3 T.4

7820 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "LUMINESCENCE, CHEMILUMINESCEN L6 CE"+OLD, NT/CT

2475 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON CHEMILUMINESCENCE SPECTROSCOPY L7

+OLD, NT/CT

704 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON CHEMILUMINESCENT SUBSTANCES+OL rs

31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND ((L6 OR L7 OR L8) OR L10

CHEMILUM?)

=> d ibib abs hitstr 110 1-31

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:20978 HCAPLUS

138:86124 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Acridinium ester labels having hydrophilic modifiers TITLE:

Natrajan, Anand; Sharpe, David; Jiang, Qingping INVENTOR(S):

Bayer Corporation, USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				
EP 1273917	A2	20030108	EP 2002-13902	20020621

AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

20030306 US 2001-898381 20010703 US 2003045716 **A**1 20030221 JP 2002-185836 20020626 JP 2003050204 **A**2

US 2001-898381 A 20010703 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: The present invention is generally directed to detectable

chemiluminescent acridinium ester labels having hydrophilic modifiers; to compns., complexes and/or conjugates which include such labels; and to processes for performing bioanal. assays for target analytes which use such labels. Assays for folate, theophylline, and tobramycin (using such labels with hydrophilic modifiers such as nonionic polyethylene glycol and polyionic spermine disulfonate and polyionic spermine dicarboxylate) are described in detail.

IT 482648-38-4P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(NSP-DMAE-HD-PTEROATE; acridinium ester labels having hydrophilic modifiers)

RN482648-38-4 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[6-[[4-[[(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-6-CN

pteridinyl)methyl]amino]benzoyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IT 194357-76-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(NSP-DMAE-HD; acridinium ester labels having hydrophilic modifiers)

RN 194357-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(6-aminohexyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 482648-41-9P

CN

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (acridinium ester labels having hydrophilic modifiers)

RN 482648-41-9 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-[21-[4-[[(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-6-pteridinyl)methyl]amino]phenyl]-1,21-dioxo-5,8,11,14,17-pentaoxa-2,20-diazaheneicos-1-yl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

PAGE 4-A

pentaoxa-18-azanonadec-1-yl] ester, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 482648-48-6 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[(4S)-4-amino-4-carboxy-1-oxobutyl].omega.-[2-[[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[[10-(3-sulfopropyl)acridinium-9yl]carbonyl]oxy]benzoyl]amino]ethoxy]-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

O

C-NH-CH₂-CH₂-O

CH₂-CH₂-O

$$C$$
-CH₂-CH₂-CH

Me

O

C-CH₂-CH₂-CH

 C -CH

 C -CH

PAGE 1-B

— со2н

RN 482648-49-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[[(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-6-pteridinyl)methyl]amino]benzoyl]-, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[[10-(3-amino-1)]amino]benzoyl]-, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[[10-(3-amino-1)]amino]benzoyl]-]amino]benzoyl]-, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[10-(3-amino-1)]amino]benzoyl]-]amino]benzoyl]-, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[10-(3-amino-1)]amino]benzoyl]-]amino]benzoyl]-, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[10-(3-amino-1)]amino]benzoyl]-]amino]benzoyl]-, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[10-(3-amino-1)]amino]benzoyl]-, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-

sulfopropyl)acridinium-9-yl]carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]-19-oxo-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxa-18-azanonadec-1-yl] ester, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 482648-50-0 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, 1-[19-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[[10-(3-sulfopropyl)acridinium-9-yl]carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]-19-oxo-3,6,9,12,15-pentaoxa-18-azanonadec-1-yl] ester, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 482648-51-1 HCAPLUS

CN D-Streptamine, O-3-amino-3-deoxy-.alpha.-D-glucopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.6)-O-[2-amino-2,3,6-trideoxy-6-[[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[[10-(3-sulfopropyl)acridinium-9-yl]carbonyl]oxy]benzoyl]amino]-.alpha.-D-ribo-hexopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.4)]-2-deoxy-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 482648-52-2 HCAPLUS

CN D-Streptamine, O-3-amino-3-deoxy-.alpha.-D-glucopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.6)-O-[2-amino-2,3,6-trideoxy-6-[[25-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[[10-(3-sulfopropyl)acridinium-9-yl]carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]-1,5,25-trioxo-6,9,12,15,18,21-hexaoxa-24-azapentacos-1-yl]amino]-.alpha.-D-ribo-hexopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.4)]-2-deoxy-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 482648-53-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[6-[[1-oxo-4-(2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purin-8-yl)butyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxyl carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 482648-54-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[1,16-dioxo-6,11-bis(3-sulfopropyl)-19-(2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purin-8-yl)-2,6,11,15-tetraazanonadec-1-yl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 482648-56-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[6,11-bis(3-carboxy-1-oxopropyl)-1,16-dioxo-19-(2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purin-8-yl)-2,6,11,15-tetraazanonadec-1-yl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 482648-57-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[1,21-dioxo-24-(2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purin-8-yl)-5,8,11,14,17-pentaoxa-2,20-diazatetracos-1-yl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 3-A

IT 482648-39-5P 482648-44-2P 482648-55-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(acridinium ester labels having hydrophilic modifiers)

RN 482648-39-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(19-amino-1-oxo-5,8,11,14,17-pentaoxa-2-azanonadec-1-yl)-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$- CH_2 - CH_2 - O - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH_2$$

RN 482648-44-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[25-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-1,21,25-trioxo-5,8,11,14,17,20-hexaoxa-2-azapentacos-1-yl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

e PAGE 4-A

RN 482648-55-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[3-[[4-[(3-aminopropyl)(3-carboxy-1-oxopropyl)amino]butyl](3-carboxy-1-oxopropyl)amino]propyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:256584 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:291356

TITLE: Novel branched linkers and their use for conjugate

production

INVENTOR(S): Andres, Herbert; Josel, Hans-Peter; Hoess, Eva;

Herrmann, Rupert; Von Der Eltz, Herbert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roche Diagnostics G.m.b.H., Germany; F. Hoffmann-La

Roche A.-G.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT I	10.		KII	ND	DATE APPLICATION NO.) .	DATE								
							20020404			W	20	01-E	P111	18	20010926						
	WO		2027315				20020711														
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	ΒA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,			
			co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,			
							IN,														
							MD,														
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		RW:					MW,									BE,	CH,	CY,			
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and their use for producing conjugates for applications in diagnostic or therapeutic methods.

IT 406207-47-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (Novel branched linkers and their use for conjugate prodn.)

RN 406207-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Lysine, N-[3-[4-[[(10-methylacridinium-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.beta.-alanyl-N6-(N-acetyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl)-L-lysyl-N6-(N-acetyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-.beta.-alanyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:101348 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:159459

TITLE:

Chemiluminescent substrates of hydrolytic

enzymes such as phosphatases

INVENTOR(S):

Jiang, Qingping; Natrajan, Anand; Sharpe, David J.;

Wong, Wen-jee; Law, Say-jong?

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

7221 GMEE (2)

Bayer Corporation, USA PCT Int. Appl., 156 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

- PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	PATENT NO. KI							A.	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	DATE					
₩o 2001	Wo 2001009372 A			.1 20010208				W	0 20		S204:	 29	20000727				
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
													GE,				
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RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	ΒE,	CH,	CY,	
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	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
EP 1203091 A			A.	1 20020508				EP 2000-950764 20000727									
R:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
	ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL								
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							1	JS 19	999-:	1466	48P	P	1999	0730			
							1	WO 2	000-1	JS20	429	W	2000	0727			
OTHER SOURCE(S):				MARPAT 134:159459													

Ι

AB Chemiluminescent substrates of hydrolytic enzymes are disclosed having the general Formula Lumi-M-P, where Lumi is a chemiluminescent moiety capable of producing light (a) by itself, (b) with MP attached and (c) with M attached, wherein the different properties of Lumi-M-P and Lumi-M allow them to be distinguished. Lumi includes, but is not limited to, acridinium compds. (e.g. acridinium esters, carboxyamides, thioesters, and oxime esters), reduced forms thereof (e.g. acridans), and spiroacridan compds. M is selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur. P is a group that can be readily removed by hydrolytic enzymes to give Lumi-M and P. The hydrolytic enzyme can be phosphatase, glycosidase, peptidase, protease, esterase, sulfatase, and guanidinobenzoatase. Thus, 2-Phos-DMAE (I) is synthesized and shown to be an excellent substrate of hydrolytic alk. phosphatase to form 2-OH-DMAE. Both I and 2-OH-DMAE are chemiluminescent, but emit light light at different emission maxima when they are treated with H2O2 in strong alk. soln. I emits a strong, visible blue light at .lambda.max 478 nm while 2-OH-DMAE emits a strong, visible orange light at .lambda.max 602 nm, thus resulting in a bathochromic shift of emission max. by 128 nm. One of the advantages in using chemiluminescent acridinium substrates like I to detect hydrolytic enzymes is that the products generated by the enzyme can be accumulated without undergoing significant decompn. during the enzymic reaction. In addn., under certain conditions the chemiluminescence from I is selectively and significantly suppressed, and thereby the overall signal differentiation of 2-OH-DMAE over I is improved. A heterogeneous immunoassay is also provided demonstrating I utility as a substrate for the chemiluminescent detection of TSH in human serum.

IT 324762-34-7P 324762-52-9P 324762-58-5P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(chemiluminescent substrates of hydrolytic enzymes such as phosphatases)

RN 324762-34-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-2-(phosphonooxy)-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 324762-33-6 CMF C24 H21 N O8 P

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 324762-52-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-(phosphonooxy)ethenyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 324762-51-8 CMF C32 H27 N O9 P

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 324762-58-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 10-methyl-9-[[4-(phosphonooxy)phenoxy]carbonyl]-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 324762-57-4 CMF C21 H17 N O6 P

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

CN

IT 324762-59-6P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(chemiluminescent substrates of hydrolytic enzymes such as phosphatases)

RN 324762-59-6 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[(4-hydroxyphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161006-16-2 CMF C21 H16 N O3

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

IT 324762-35-8P 324762-43-8P 324762-44-9P 324762-46-1P 324762-48-3P 324762-54-1P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (chemiluminescent substrates of hydrolytic enzymes such as phosphatases)

RN 324762-35-8 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-hydroxy-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 259169-42-1 CMF C24 H20 N O5

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 324762-43-8 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-(phosphonooxy)-10-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 324762-44-9 HCAPLUS

.CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-hydroxy-10-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 324762-46-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-methoxy-10-methyl-7-(phosphonooxy)-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 324762-45-0 CMF C25 H23 N O9 P

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 324762-48-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-hydroxy-7-methoxy-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 324762-47-2 CMF C25 H22 N O6

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 324762-54-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[(4-

hydroxyphenyl)acetyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 324762-53-0 CMF C32 H26 N O6

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:133665 HCAPLUS

7

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:191423

TITLE:

Synthesis of near infrared **chemiluminescent** acridinium compounds and their application for

labeling proteins and nucleotides

INVENTOR(S):

Natrajan, Anand; Jiang, Qingping; Sharpe, David; Law,

Say-Jong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bayer Corporation, USA PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

English

LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE .
                                    APPLICATION NO.
                                                         DATE
                          20000224 WO 1999-US18076 19990810
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    .WO 2000009487 A1
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            MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL,
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            MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
            ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
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                          20000306 AU 1999-54739
20010606 EP 1999-941005
    AU 9954739
                    A1
                                                          19990810
    EP 1104405
                     A1
                                                          19990810
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
    US 6355803
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    US 2002076823
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                          20020620
                                         US 2001-6421
                                                         20011206
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      US 1998-96073P P 19980811
                                      US 1999-371489 A3 19990810
                                      WO 1999-US18076 W 19990810
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AΒ Our results identify two sets of necessary and sufficient criteria for observing long-wavelength emission from acridinium compds.: Set A: (a) the creation of an extended conjugation system by the attachment of appropriate functional groups on the acridinium nucleus (electronic requirement); (b) coplanarity of the attached functional group and the acridone moiety during light emission (geometry requirement); (c) said functional group must consist of at least one arom. ring and one electron-donating atom or group with an extra pair of electrons which can readily delocalize into the extended .pi. system to which the heteroatom is directly attached or built into, and establish stable extended resonance with the electron-withdrawing carbonyl moiety of the light emitting acridone. Such electron-donating atom or group that exists in the form of an anion has particularly strong effect to further the bathochromic shift of the emission wavelength. Set B: (a) A direct attachment at one or more of positions C-2, C-4, C-5, or C-7 of the acridinium nucleus, of electron-donating atoms or groups having extra pair(s) of electrons. The electron-donating entities can be the same or different if more than one electron-donating entity is used. electron-donating atom or group that exists in the form of an anion has particularly strong effect to further the bathochromic shift of the emission wavelength. For mols. for which the above criteria are met such as LEAE, 3-HS-DMAE, and 2-hydroxy-DMAE long wavelength-emission exceeding 500 nm and reaching into NIR region is expected and obsd. Preferably, the utility of an NIR-AC of comparable quantum yield as the conventional acridinium compds. goes hand-in-hand with the employment of a luminescence detector of good to excellent detection efficiency. To achieve efficient NIR signal detection and facilitate the performing of diagnostic assays, a further objective of the present invention is the advance of a concept and the realization of substituting a state-of-the-art charge-coupled device (CCD) detector for the red-insensitive photomultiplier tube (PMT) in a conventional fully or semi-automatic analyzer such as MLA-II of Chiron

Diagnostics, Walpole, MA.

IT 259169-37-4P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (2-HP-DMAE; synthesis of near IR chemiluminescent acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides)

RN 259169-37-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 259169-25-0P

RN .

CN

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (2-HS-DMAE; synthesis of near IR chemiluminescent acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides) 259169-25-0 HCAPLUS Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 259169-42-1P

RN

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (2-OH-DMAE; synthesis of near IR chemiluminescent acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides) 259169-42-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-hydroxy-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 259169-10-3P

RN

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(3-HS-DMAE; synthesis of near IR **chemiluminescent** acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides) 259169-10-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 259169-36-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (NSB-2-MS-DMAE; synthesis of near IR chemiluminescent

acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides)

RN 259169-36-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-10-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 259169-19-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(NSB-3-HS-DMAE; synthesis of near IR chemiluminescent acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and

nucleotides)

RN 259169-19-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]-10-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 259169-24-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(NSB-3-MS-DMAE; synthesis of near IR chemiluminescent

acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides)

RN 259169-24-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-10-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- Me O Me O N H
- IT 259169-19-2DP, conjugates with BSA and anti-TSH
 259169-24-9DP, conjugates with BSA and anti-TSH
 RL: ANT (Analyte); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study);
 PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis of near IR chemiluminescent acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides)
 RN 259169-19-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)ethenyl]-10-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 259169-24-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethenyl]-10-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 259169-42-1DP, conjugate with Vancomycin A probe

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of near IR **chemiluminescent** acridinium compds. and application for labeling proteins and nucleotides)

RN 259169-42-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-hydroxy-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER SOOF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:317213 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:335007

TITLE: Extended dynamic range assays using at least two

labeled probes for different target regions on an

analyte

INVENTOR(S): Nelson, Norman C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gen-Probe Incorporated, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 55 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9923490 3	A1 19990514	WO 1998-US23088	19981030
W: AU, CA,	•		
RW: AT, BE,	CH, CY, DE, DK,	ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE,	IT, LU, MC, NL,
PT, SE			
16 6180340	B1 20010130	US 1997-962033	19971031
CA 2305415	AA 19990415	CA 1998-2305415	19981030
AU 9912918	A1 19990524	AU 1999-12918	19981030
	B2 20011206		
EP 1027604	A1 20000816	EP 1998-956381	19981030
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES,	FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE
JP 2002508504	T2 20020319	JP 2000-519300	19981030
US 6350579	B1 20020226	US 2000-649636	20000828
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	.:	US 1997-962033 A	19971031
		WO 1998-US23088 W	19981030

AB Methods of detecting and/or quantifying an analyte in a single sample by using at least two labeled probes that specifically bind to different target regions of an analyte, and are labeled with labels that are distinguishable and/or present at different specific activities, are

disclosed. Compns. comprising at least two labeled probes that specifically bind to different target regions of the same analyte and are labeled with labels that are distinguishable and/or present at different specific activities are disclosed. 1-Methyl-m-difluoroacridinium ester, 1-methylacridinium ester, and o-methoxy(cinnamyl)acridinium ester were shown to be distinguishable under conditions that replicate those of analyte detection using **chemiluminescence**. The three labels were used at a specific activity of 108, 106, and 104, resp.

IT 224169-61-3 224169-63-5 224169-64-6

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)

(as detectable label; extended dynamic range assays using at least two labeled probes for different target regions on an analyte)

RN 224169-61-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-3,5-difluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 224169-63-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 224169-64-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethenyl)-2-methoxyphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2-fluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 224169-66-8 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-2,10-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 224169-67-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:183770 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:220167

TITLE:

Long emission wavelength chemiluminescent

ring-fused acridinium compounds and their use in test

assays

INVENTOR(S):

Law, Say-jong; Jiang, Qingping; Fischer, Walter;

Unger, John T.; Krodel, Elizabeth K.; Xi, Jun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Chiron Diagnostics Corporation, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 80 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,395,752.

CODEN: USXXAM Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5879894	A	19990309	US 1994-308772	19940919
U S 5395752	Α	19950307	US 1993-35130	19930319
AU 9455018	A1	19940922	AU 1994-55018	19940210
AU 677259	В2	19970417		
CA 2118891	AA	19940920	CA 1994-2118891	19940311
WO 9421823	A 1	19940929	WO 1994-US3020	19940318
W: PL				
PL 178927	В1	20000630	PL 1994-306210	19940318
JP 08320319	A2	19961203	JP 1994-50109	19940322
US 5702887	Α	19971230	US 1994-340093	19941114
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1993-35130 A2	19930319
			WO 1994-US3020 W	19940318

AB The present invention relates to a new class of **chemiluminescent**, arom. ring-fused acridinium compds. (AFAC) which emit green or yellow light upon simple chem. treatments. This invention also relates to conjugates formed from AFAC and binding partners, e.g. biol. mols., and test assays utilizing the conjugates. The synthesis of

chemiluminescent reagents or conjugates for use in such methods as well as kits incorporating such reagents are also disclosed. Furthermore, the invention relates to test assays in which the detection and/or quantitation of two or more substances or analytes in a test sample can be carried out simultaneously due to the discernable and non-interfering light emission characteristics of two or more chemiluminescent conjugates. The assays have particular application in the field of clin. diagnostics.

IT 221057-47-2P

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation)

(long emission wavelength **chemiluminescent** ring-fused acridinium compds. and their use in test assays)

RN 221057-47-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-60-4 CMF C24 H20 N O4

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 63 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:795185 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:35376

TITLE: Chemiluminescent energy transfer conjugates and their uses as labels in binding assays

INVENTOR(S): Jiang, Qingping; Xi, Jun; Natrajan, Anand; Sharpe, David; Baumann, Marcus; Hilfiker, Rolf; Schmidt.

David; Baumann, Marcus; Hilfiker, Rolf; Schmidt, Erika; Senn, Paul; Thommen, Fritz; Waldner, Adrian;

Alder, Alex; Law, Say-jong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chiron Diagnostics Corporation, USA; et al.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P.	TA	ENT I	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE			
W	O	9854	574		A	2	1998	1203		W	0 19	98-II	B831		1998	0529		
W	O	9854	574		A.	3	1999	0304										
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GW,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,
							LK,											
			NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
			UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM
		RW:					MW,											
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
			CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG					-	-	•
		61658			Α		2000	1226		U	s 199	98-86	6003		19980	0527		
A	U	98734	472		A.	1	1998:	1230		Αl	J 199	98-73	3472		19980	0529		
E	P	98855	51		Αź	2	20000	0329		E	P 199	98-92	20688	3	19980	0529		
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	FI			•										•	•
J:	P :	20025	5065	18	T2	2	20020	0226		J:	P 199	99-50	00420)	19980	0529		
PRIORI'	ΤY	APPI	LN.	INFO	. :				Ţ	JS 1	997-4	48159	9P	P	19970	0530		
									V	VO 1	998-1	IB83	1	W	1998()529		
	_		_															

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:35376

A new class of chemiluminescent acridinium or benzacridinium compds. forms an intramol. energy transfer conjugate (ETC) between the acridinium or benzacridinium compd. and a luminophor. A method of extending the emission wavelengths of acridinium or benzacridinium esters to further reduce or eliminate the emission spectral overlap between the parent polysubstituted aryl acridinium esters (DMAE) and benzacridinium esters (LEAE) is disclosed. The ETC's retain the unique desired properties of acridinium or benzacridinium compds. including complete light emission in very short period of time, monophasic emission spectrum, simplicity of triggering mechanism, ability of labeling the biol. mols. of interest to form a tracer, and good stability. Addnl., the range of the emission spectrum of an acridinium or benzacridinium compd. can now be shifted at will and at longer leap through the choice of a luminophor as the integral part of an ETC mol. Chemiluminescent labeled conjugates comprise an acridinium or benzacridinium moiety covalently attached to a luminophor via a spacer, said moiety further conjugated to a biol. mol. of interest, wherein said spacer is of an appropriate length to allow the excited species generated from said moiety to transfer energy efficiently to said luminophor, resulting in the emission of light in the spectral region of said luminophor. The conjugates are used in binding assays and test kits; methods for prepn. of the conjugates are presented.

IT 216670-03-0P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(conjugate; prepn. of chemiluminescent energy transfer

conjugates for labels in binding assays)

RN 216670-03-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[6-[[[[(11.beta.)-11,17,21-trihydroxy-20-oxopregn-5-en-3-ylidene]amino]oxy]acetyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]phenox y]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

$$-o_3s$$
 (CH₂) $3^{\frac{+}{N}}$ N Me (CH₂) 6 N H

PAGE 1-B

IT 216667-69-5P 216667-78-6P 216668-22-3P

216668-30-3P 216668-38-1P 216668-46-1P 216669-79-3P 216669-87-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; prepn. of **chemiluminescent** energy transfer conjugates for labels in binding assays)

RN 216667-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Br-

RN 216667-78-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 2-(aminomethyl)-9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Br-

RN 216668-22-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-3-[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• Br-

RN 216668-30-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 3-(aminomethyl)-9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• Br-

RN

216668-38-1 HCAPLUS Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(2-carboxyethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-CN dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-3-[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2yl)methyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

216668-37-0 CRN C36 H30 N3 O7 CMF

Me
$$CH_2$$
 CH_2
 CH_2

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 216668-46-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 3-(aminomethyl)-9-[[4-[[(2-carboxyethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216668-45-0 CMF C28 H28 N3 O5

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 216669-79-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 2-[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[6-[[1-oxo-4-(2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purin-8-yl)butyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216669-78-2 CMF C50 H51 N8 O8

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

F-C-CO₂-

RN 216669-87-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 2-(aminomethyl)-9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[6-[[1-oxo-4-(2,3,6,7-tetrahydro-1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purin-8-yl)butyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216669-86-2 CMF C42 H49 N8 O6

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2\text{-NH}_2 \\ \text{N}_+ \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

IT 216669-95-3P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of **chemiluminescent** energy transfer conjugates for labels in binding assays)

RN 216669-95-3 HCAPLUS

1H, 5H, 11H, 15H-Xantheno[2,3,4-ij:5,6,7-i'j']diquinolizin-18-ium,
9-[2-carboxy-4-[[[9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[6-[[1-oxo-4-(2,3,6,7-tetrahydro1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purin-8-yl)butyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]phen
oxy]carbonyl]-10-methylacridinium-2-yl]methyl]amino]carbonyl]phenyl]2,3,6,7,12,13,16,17-octahydro-, inner salt, salt with trifluoroacetic acid
(1:1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 216669-94-2 CMF C75 H77 N10 O10

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & &$$

CM 2

14477-72-6 CRN CMF C2 F3 O2

CN

216668-60-9P 216873-96-0P 216874-06-5P IT

216874-10-1P 216973-01-2P

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of chemiluminescent energy transfer conjugates for

labels in binding assays)

216668-60-9 HCAPLUS RN

1H, 5H, 11H, 15H-Xantheno[2,3,4-ij:5,6,7-i'j']diquinolizin-18-ium, 9-[2-carboxy-4-[[[[9-[[4-[[(2-carboxyethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methylacridinium-3yl]methyl]amino]carbonyl]phenyl]-2,3,6,7,12,13,16,17-octahydro-, inner salt, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216668-59-6 CMF C61 H56 N5 O9

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

PAGE 2-A

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & & \text{Me} \\ \hline \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{C} \\ \hline \\ \text{O} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 216873-96-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-[[[3(or

4)-carboxy-4(or 3)-(2,3,6,7,12,13,16,17-octahydro-1H,5H,11H,15H-xantheno[2,3,4-ij:5,6,7-i',j']diquinolizin-18-ium-9-yl)benzoyl]amino]methyl]-10-methyl-, inner salt, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216873-95-9 CMF C58 H51 N4 O8 CCI IDS

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 216874-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-2-[[[3(or 4)-carboxy-4(or 3)-(11-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-dibenzo[c,h]xanthen-7-yl)benzoyl]amino]methyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216874-05-4 CMF C54 H37 N2 O10

CCI IDS

PAGE 2-A

$$Me$$
 Me
 $C=0$
 $CH_2-NH-C-D1$
 Me
 Me

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 216874-10-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-3[[[[2(or 4)-(2,3,6,7,12,13,16,17-octahydro-1H,5H,11H,15H-xantheno[2,3,4ij:5,6,7-i'j']diquinolizin-18-ium-9-yl)-5(or 3)sulfophenyl]sulfonyl]amino]methyl]-, inner salt, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216874-09-8 CMF C56 H51 N4 O10 S2 CCI IDS

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{N}^{+} \\ \text{CH}_{2} - \text{NH} - \begin{array}{c} \text{S} \\ \text{SO}_{3} \end{array}$$

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

RN 216973-01-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(2-carboxyethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-3-[[[6-[[[2(or 4)-(2,3,6,7,12,13,16,17-octahydro-1H,5H,11H,15H-xantheno[2,3,4-ij:5,6,7-i'j']diquinolizin-18-ium-9-yl)-5-sulfophenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-1-oxohexyl]amino]methyl]-, inner salt, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216973-00-1

CMF C65 H67 N6 O12 S2

CCI IDS

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2

IT 216873-82-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of chemiluminescent energy transfer conjugates for
 labels in binding assays)

RN 216873-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-2-

[[[[2(or 4)-(2,3,6,7,12,13,16,17-octahydro-1H,5H,11H,15H-xantheno[2,3,4-ij:5,6,7-i'j']diquinolizin-18-ium-9-yl)-5-sulfophenyl]sulfonyl]amino]methy l]-, inner salt, salt with trifluoroacetic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 216873-81-3

CMF C56 H51 N4 O10 S2

CCI IDS

PAGE 1-A

$$CO_2H$$

Me

 CH_2-NH-S
 SO_3-

Me

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 14477-72-6 CMF C2 F3 O2



L10 ANSWER & OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:699810 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:20048

TITLE: Detection of reaction intermediates by flow injection

electrospray ionization mass spectrometry: reaction of

chemiluminescent N-sulfonylacridinium-9-

carboxamides with hydrogen peroxide

AUTHOR(S): Adamczyk, Maciej; Fishpaugh, Jeffrey R.; Gebler, John

C.; Mattingly, Phillip G.; Shreder, Kevin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Diagnostics Division, Division Organic Chemistry

(9-NM), Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, 60064,

USA

SOURCE: European Mass Spectrometry (1998), 4(2), 121-125

CODEN: EMSPFW; ISSN: 1356-1049

PUBLISHER: IM Publications

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Flow injection electrospray mass spectrometry was used to detect the intermediates and products formed during the reaction of chemiluminescent acridinium salts under the conditions necessary for light emission. A stream of aq. alk. hydrogen peroxide was mixed with an aq. soln. of N-sulfonylacridinium-9-carboxamide salt immediately prior to entering the ESI-MS interface. The resulting neg.-ion mass spectra corresponded to the expected 9-hydroperoxide adduct, the acridone end product normally seen in the chemiluminescent reaction, and unreacted acridinium salt, with no indication of the postulated spirodioxetanone intermediate or competing pseudobase.

IT 148794-24-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(detection of reaction intermediates by flow injection electrospray ionization mass spectrometry for **chemiluminescent** reaction of N-sulfonylacridinium-9-carboxamides with hydrogen peroxide)

RN 148794-24-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:13680 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:72655

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:72655

TITLE: Chemiluminescent group-containing

carbodiimide compound

INVENTOR(S): Suzuki, Osamu; Masuda, Gen; Shiohata, Namiko;

Matsumoto, Kazuko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nisshinbo Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 812823	A1	19971217	EP 1997-303431	19970520
EP 812823	B1	20010816		
R: DE, FR,	GB			
JP 09328620	A2	19971222	JP 1996-149553	19960611
US 5912344	Α	19990615	US 1997-858127	19970519
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	. :	JP	1996-149553 A	19960611
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MA	RPAT 128:72655		

AB Using the chemiluminescent group-contg. (acridinium ester group-contg.) carbodiimide compd. or its quaternary ammonium salt as the label in the nucleic acid detection method or immunoassay, labeling can be made efficiently for a short time, a nucleic acid derived from nature can be labeled, and highly sensitive assay is enabled. Synthesis of quaternary salt of chemiluminescent group-contg. carbodiimide compd. is described.

IT 200507-90-0

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); RCT (Reactant); ANST (Analytical study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(chemiluminescent group-contg. carbodiimide compd.)

RN 200507-90-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[7,7-dimethyl-16-(4-morpholinyl)-3-oxo-4,11,13-triaza-7-azoniahexadeca-11,12-dien-1-yl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 200507-89-7 CMF C39 H50 N6 O4

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

IT 200508-04-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (chemiluminescent group-contg. carbodiimide compd.)

RN 200508-04-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[7,7-dimethyl-16-(4-methylmorpholinium-4-yl)-3-oxo-4,11,13-triaza-7-azoniahexadeca-11,12-dien-1-yl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide fluorosulfate, salt with 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid (1:1:1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 200508-03-8 CMF C40 H53 N6 O4

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

16722-51-3 CRN CMF C7 H7 O3 S

CM 3

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F 03 S

L10 ANSWER TO OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

1997:609620 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:259776

Nucleophilic polysubstituted aryl acridinium ester TITLE:

conjugates and their syntheses

INVENTOR(S):

Law, Say-jong Chiron Diagnostics Corp., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

U.S., 34 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 871,601. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXAM Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5663074	Α	19970902	US 1993-32947	19930317
US 5241070	A	19930831	us 1992-871601	19920417
US 5538901	A	19960723	US 1994-292946	19940818
US 6080591	. A	20000627	us 1997-920372	19970829
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		US 1988-249620 B1	19880926
			US 1992-871601 A2	19920417
			US 1993-32085 B1	19930317
			US 1993-32947 A1	19930317

MARPAT 127:259776 OTHER SOURCE(S):

This invention is directed to novel nucleophilic polysubstituted aryl acridinium conjugates and methods for their prepn. The novel nucleophilic polysubstituted aryl acridinium conjugates are useful as luminescent labels in biol. assays, esp. binding assays, including novel assays for the detn. of vitamin B12, folate, cortisol, estradiol, and thromboxane B2.

196080-94-1P 196080-96-3P 196080-98-5P IT

196081-00-2P 196081-01-3P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (nucleophilic polysubstituted aryl acridinium ester conjugates prepn. as labels for binding assays)

RN 196080-94-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[2-[[2-amino-1-oxo-3-[(3-sulfopropyl)thio]propyl]amino]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 2-A

Br⁻

RN 196080-96-3 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteinamide, N-[4-[[(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-6-pteridinyl)methyl]amino]benzoyl]-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-N-[2-[[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[(10-methylacridinium-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]-S-(3-sulfopropyl)-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 196080-98-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[2-[[[[(11.beta.)-11,17,21-trihydroxy-20-oxo-19-norpregn-4-en-3-ylidene]amino]oxy]acetyl]amino]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} & \\ \text{Me} & \\ \text{N} & \\ \text{N$$

● Br¨

PAGE 1-B

RN 196081-00-2 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[2-[[[[(17.beta.)-3,17-dihydroxyestra-1,3,5(10)-trien-CN 6-ylidene]amino]oxy]acetyl]amino]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 196081-01-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[2-[[1-oxo-7-[tetrahydro-4,6-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-2H-pyran-3-yl]-5-heptenyl]amino]ethyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide, [2R-[2.alpha.(1E,3R*),3.beta.(Z),4.beta.,6.beta.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 2-A

● Br-

IT 123655-39-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(nucleophilic polysubstituted aryl acridinium ester conjugates prepn.
as labels for binding assays)

RN 123655-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Br-

IT 123655-38-9DP, reaction product with vitamin B12 monocarboxylates 123655-38-9P 130772-56-4P 196080-97-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(nucleophilic polysubstituted aryl acridinium ester conjugates prepn. as labels for binding assays)

RN 123655-38-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(2-aminoethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 123655-38-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(2-aminoethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-

dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C - NH - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH_2 \\
\hline
Me & Me \\
C = O \\
\hline
N_+ \\
Me
\end{array}$$

RN 130772-56-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[11,11-dimethyl-1,6,9-trioxo-7-[[(3-sulfopropyl)thio]methyl]-10-oxa-2,5,8-triazadodec-1-yl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

● Br-

RN 196080-97-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteinamide, N-[4-[[[1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-2-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]-6-pteridinyl]methyl]amino]benzoyl]-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-N-[2-[[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[(10-methylacridinium-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]benzoyl]amino]ethyl]-S-(3-sulfopropyl)-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

● Br-

L10 ANSWER TO OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:574406 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:187871

TITLE:

Functionalized hydrophilic acridinium esters

INVENTOR(S):

Law, Say-Jong; Sotiriou-Leventis, Chariklia; Natrajan, Anand; Jiang, Qingping; Connolly, Peter B.; Kilroy, John P.; McCudden, Constance R.; Tirrell, Stephen M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Chiron Diagnostics Corp., USA U.S., 28 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,449,556.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT I	10.		KII	ND	DATE					CATI			DATE			
US	5656	426		 A		1997	0812							1994	0408		
JР	TP 09025422 P			A2	2	1997	0128		JP 1996-179488			19890731					
US	us 5227489			Α		19930713			US 1992-826186			6	19920122				
IIS	US 5449556			A		19950912			US 1993-32231			19930317					
US	IS 5595875			A		19970121			US 1994-325845			19941019					
C 2	13 2186463			Δ.	Δ	1995		CA 1995-2186463			63	19950406					
พก	9527702			Δ1 19951019					WO 1995-IB244				19950406				
"	W.	ΔM	ידי מ	ΔΠ.	BR.	BG.	BR.	BY.	CA.	CH.	CN.	CZ.	DE.	DK,	EE.	ES,	FI,
	" .	CB	GF	HII	TS,	JO,	KE.	KG.	KP.	KR.	К7.	LK.	LR.	LT,	LU.	LV.	MD.
		MC	MOI	MIN	MY	NO.	NZ	PT.	PT	RO	RII.	SD.	SE.	SG,	ST.	SK.	тJ.
			-	L-IAA '	PIΛ,	NO,	NZ,	т п,	,	1.07	1.0,	22,	,		22,	,	,
	D57 -	TT,		C D	CZ	шс	λm	DE	CH	חבי	DK	FC	ਰਾਜ	GB,	GR	TF.	TT.
	RW:	KE,	MW,	SU,	54,	og,	MI,	DE,	CH,	CC,	CT.	CM	C7	GN,	MT.	MD	ME.
		-	-			SE,	Br,	ъо,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	1111,	1111,	1410,
	SN, TD,		TG_	TG				N:: 1005 20016				10050406					
								AU 1995-20816				19950406					
			B2 19990325							_	<u>-</u>						
EP	754178			A1		19970122			EP 1995-913298 19950406								
EP	754178																
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	IT,	$_{ m LI}$						
BR	9507307			À		19970902			B	R 19	95-7	307		1995	0406		
JР	10503169			Т2		19980324			JP 1995-526216			6	19950406				
EP	982298			A1		20000301			EP 1999-203889			19950406					

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI 20030215 AT 1995-913298 19950406 AT 231130 E 19970812 19950512 US 5656500 US 1995-440427 Α B1 19880801 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1988-226639 US 1992-826186 A3 19920122 US 1993-32231 A2 19930317 A3 19890731 JP 1989-199178 US 1993-32321 A3 19930317 US 1994-225165 A 19940408 US 1994-325845 A1 19941019 A3 19950406 EP 1995-913298 WO 1995-IB244 W 19950406

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127:187871

AB Novel acridinium esters are disclosed that are useful, either alone or when incorporated into liposomes, as **chemiluminescent** agents in binding assays (e.g., immunoassays and gene probe assays) with improved sensitivity. In addn., the synthesis of these esters and their use in assays for detecting an analyte are described. In particular, assays for testosterone and the Rubella virus are disclosed.

IT 173406-73-OP 173406-74-1P 173406-75-2P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (functionalized hydrophilic acridinium esters prepn. for binding

assays)
RN 173406-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[6-[[3-hydroxy-3-[(17.beta.)-17-hydroxy-3-oxoestr-4-en-10-yl]-1-oxopropyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$-0.3$$
s $(CH2)3 $\stackrel{+}{=}$ N O Me $(CH2)6 $\stackrel{H}{=}$ N $O$$$

0=

PAGE 1-B

RN 173406-74-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[6-[[3-[(17.beta.)-17-hydroxy-3-oxoestr-4-en-10-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

$$-0.3$$
s $(CH_2)_3$ $\stackrel{+}{=}$ N O Me N $(CH_2)_6$ O O

0=

PAGE 1-B

RN 173406-75-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[6-[[[(17.beta.)-17-hydroxy-3-oxoandrost-4-en-19-yl]oxy]acetyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-B

IT 194357-76-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(functionalized hydrophilic acridinium esters prepn. for binding assays)

RN 194357-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(6-aminohexyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me
$$C=NH-(CH_2)_6=NH_2$$
 $C=NH-(CH_2)_6=NH_2$
 $C=0$
 $C=0$
 $C=0$
 $C=0$
 $C=0$

L10 ANSWER OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:72257 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:85614

TITLE: Nucleic acid target or other analyte determination

using adduct protection assay including labeled analyte-binding probe and ligand which alters signal

of unbound probe

INVENTOR(S): Becker, Michael; Nelson, Norman C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gen-Probe Incorporated, USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
	-				
EP 747706	A 1	19961211	EP 1996-108880	19960603	
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES, FR,	GB, IT, LI, LU, NL	, SE	
US 5731148	Α	19980324	US 1995-478221	19950607	
CA 2222556	AA.	19961219	CA 1996-2222556	19960523	
WO 9641197	A 1	19961219	WO 1996-US7776	19960523	
W: AU, CA,	JP, KR				
AU 9660244	A1	19961230	AU 1996-60244	19960523	
AU 703605	В2	19990325			
JP 2002515118	T 2	20020521	JP 1997-500745	19960523	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	.:	Ţ	JS 1995-478221 A	19950607	
		V	♥O 1996-US7776 ₩	19960523	

MARPAT 126:85614 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The present invention features an adduct protection assay involving the use of a labeled binding partner and a signal altering ligand. The signal altering ligand can preferentially alter the ability of label which is not part of a binding partner: analyte complex to produce a detectable signal, compared to its ability to alter signal produced from label which is part of a binding partner: analyte complex. The presence or amt. of analyte can be detd. by detecting the signal produced from unaltered label. The adduct protection assay is very versatile. For example, alteration of signal can be carried out under a wide range of conditions (e.g., pH, temp., and ionic strength), and both label alteration and signal triggering can be carried out at essentially const. temp. to achieve a high degree of sensitivity.

IT 185102-40-3 185102-41-4 185102-42-5

185102-44-7 185606-16-0

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study) (signal-altering ligand; nucleic acid target or other analyte detn. using adduct protection assay including labeled analyte-binding probe and ligand which alters signal of unbound probes)

185102-40-3 HCAPLUS RN

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 185102-41-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O \\
H_2N-C-CH_2-CH_2
\end{array}$$

$$O = C \qquad Me$$

$$N + Me$$

RN 185102-42-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-2,7,10-trimethyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 185102-44-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ H_2N-C-CH_2-CH_2 \\ \hline \\ Me \\ \hline \\ C \\ \hline \\ O \\ \hline \\ Me \\ \end{array}$$

RN 185606-16-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(3-amino-3-oxo-1-propenyl)-2-methoxyphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-67-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-66-0 CMF C25 H22 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-69-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-3,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-68-2 CMF C25 H22 N O4

$$HO_2C-CH_2-CH_2$$
 $C=0$
 N_+
 Me

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-71-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-3,5-difluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-70-6 CMF C25 H20 F2 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-73-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-3,5-difluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-3,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-72-8 CMF C25 H20 F2 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177409-05-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-4,5,10-trimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177409-04-0 CMF C26 H24 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177409-07-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2-fluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-3,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177409-06-2 CMF C25 H21 F N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177409-09-5 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177409-08-4 CMF C24 H21 N2 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ H_2N-C-CH_2-CH_2 \\ \hline \\ C \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ C \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ C \end{array}$$

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177409-11-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-3,5-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177409-10-8 CMF C26 H24 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177409-13-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2-fluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177409-12-0 CMF C25 H21 F N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

L10 ANSWER 15 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:332777 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:2414

Simultaneous detection of multiple nucleic acid TITLE:

targets in a homogeneous format

Nelson, Norman C.; Cheikh, Azzouz Ben; Matsuda, Eiji; AUTHOR(S):

Becker, Michael M.

Gen-Probe Inc., San Diego, CA, 92121, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biochemistry (1996), 35(25), 8429-8438 SOURCE:

CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

English LANGUAGE:

The acridinium ester 4-(2-succinimidyloxycarbonylethyl)phenyl-10-AΒ methylacridinium 9-carboxylate trifluoromethane sulfonate (AE), which reacts rapidly with alk. hydrogen peroxide to produce light, has been used as a detection label in a no. of assay procedures, including nucleic acid probe-based systems. A no. of derivs. of this AE were synthesized and their chemiluminescent properties characterized. These derivs. display significant differences in the kinetics of the chemiluminescence reaction as well as optimal pH for light prodn. These differences allow two or more derivs. to be simultaneously detected and quantitated in a single reaction vessel. Several of these derivs.

have been covalently linked to nucleic acid probe mols. and have been further characterized in regard to **chemiluminescence** properties as well as hydrolysis of the ester bond in both single— and double—stranded conformations. On the basis of these properties, homogeneous assay formats utilizing DNA probes labeled with various AE derivs. were developed. Simultaneous detection and quantitation of Chlamydia trachomatis and Neisseria gonorrhoeae, the gag and pol regions of HIV, and wild—type and mutant HIV sequences was achieved with high sensitivity and discrimination.

IT 177332-30-8 177332-32-0 177332-34-2

177332-36-4 177332-39-7 177332-43-3

177332-47-7 177332-49-9 177332-51-3

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)

(chemiluminescent acridinium ester labels for the simultaneous detection and quantification of multiple nucleic acid sequences by hybridization)

RN 177332-30-8 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2,6-difluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 177332-29-5 CMF C24 H18 F2 N O4

CM 2

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

CN

RN 177332-32-0 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2,6-dichlorophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-31-9 CMF C24 H18 C12 N O4

CM 2

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN

177332-34-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-3,5-difluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-33-1

CMF C24 H18 F2 N O4

CM 2

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-36-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-35-3 CMF C26 H24 N O6

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

CN

RN 177332-39-7 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2-methoxyphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-38-6 CMF C25 H22 N O5

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

CN

RN 177332-43-3 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-2,7,10-trimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-42-2 CMF C26 H24 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-47-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-46-6 CMF C26 H24 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-49-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2-methylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-48-8

CMF C25 H22 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-51-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-2-fluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-50-2 CMF C24 H19 F N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

IT 177332-61-5P 177332-63-7P 177332-65-9P 177332-67-1P 177332-69-3P 177332-71-7P

177332-73-9P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (chemiluminescent acridinium ester labels for the simultaneous detection and quantification of multiple nucleic acid sequences by hybridization)

RN 177332-61-5 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 177332-60-4 CMF C24 H20 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-63-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethenyl)-2-methoxyphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-62-6 CMF C25 H20 N O5

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-65-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dibromo-4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-64-8

CMF C24 H18 Br2 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-67-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-66-0 CMF C25 H22 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

CN

RN 177332-69-3 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenoxy]carbonyl]-3,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-68-2 CMF C25 H22 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

177332-71-7 HCAPLUS
Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-3,5-difluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-1,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-70-6 CMF C25 H20 F2 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 177332-73-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)-3,5-difluorophenoxy]carbonyl]-3,10-dimethyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 177332-72-8

CMF C25 H20 F2 N O4

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

L10 ANSWER 16 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:996620 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:140396

TITLE: Novel functionalized hydrophilic acridinium esters

INVENTOR(S): Law, Say-jong; Sotiriou-Leventis, Chaiklia; Natrajan,

Anand; Jiang, Qingping; Connolly, Peter B.; Kilroy, John P.; Mccudden, Constance R.; Tirrell, Stephen M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Corning Diagnostics Corp., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			Α	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	o. :	DATE			
WO 9527702 A1			19951019 WC			O 1995-IB244			19950406									
		W:	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,
			GB,	GE,	HU,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,
			MG,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,
			TT,	UA														
		RW ·	KE:	MW	SD.	S 7.	IIG	Τα	BE	CH	DE	DK	ES	FP	GB	GR	TE	TΤ

LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG 19970812 US 5656426 US 1994-225165 Α 19940408 AU 9520816 A1 19951030 AU 1995-20816 19950406 AU 703436 B2 19990325 EP 754178 19970122 EP 1995-913298 Α1 19950406 EP 754178 B1 20030115 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI BR 9507307 19970902 Α BR 1995-7307 19950406 T2 JP 10503169 19980324 JP 1995-526216 19950406 AT 231130 20030215 Ε AT 1995-913298 19950406 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO .: US 1994-225165 A1 19940408 US 1988-226639 B1 19880801 US 1992-826186 A3 19920122 US 1993-32231 A2 19930317 WO 1995-IB244 W 19950406

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 124:140396

AB Novel acridinium esters that are useful, either alone or when incorporated into liposomes, as **chemiluminescent** agents in binding assays (e.g., immunoassays and gene probe assays) with improved sensitivity are disclosed. In addn., the synthesis of these esters and their use in assays for detecting an analyte is described. In particular, assays for testosterone and the rubella virus are disclosed. In example, synthesis of acridinium ester for immunoassay of testosterone, anti-Rubella virus IgG, and TSH was described.

IT 173406-73-0P 173406-74-1P 173406-75-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of conjugates of functionalized hydrophilic acridinium esters for immunoassay or as gene probe)

RN 173406-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[6-[[3-hydroxy-3-[(17.beta.)-17-hydroxy-3-oxoestr-4-en-10-yl]-1-oxopropyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

$$-o_3s$$
 $(CH_2)_3 \stackrel{+}{=} N$ O Me $(CH_2)_6 \stackrel{H}{=} N$

PAGE 1-A

$$-O_3S \longrightarrow (CH_2)_3 \xrightarrow{+}_N \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow H \longrightarrow (CH_2)_6 \xrightarrow{H}_N \longrightarrow O \longrightarrow O$$

0=

PAGE 1-B

RN 173406-74-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[6-[[3-[(17.beta.)-17-hydroxy-3-oxoestr-4-en-10-yl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

$$-0.3$$
S $(CH2)3 $\frac{+}{N}$ $\frac{+}$$

0=

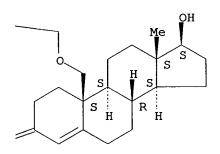
PAGE 1-B

173406-75-2 HCAPLUS RN

Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[[6-[[[(17.beta.)-17-hydroxy-3-oxoandrost-4-en-19-CN yl]oxy]acetyl]amino]hexyl]amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B



L10 ANSWER 17 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:362383 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:133003

TITLE: Preparation of N-alkylacridancarboxyl derivatives

useful for chemiluminescent assays.

INVENTOR(S): Akhavan-Tafti, Hashem; Desilva, Renuka; Sugioka,

Katsuaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lumigen, Inc., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 12

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 625510	A2	19941123	EP 1994-107632	19940517
EP 625510	A 3	19970305		
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES, FF	R, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI	, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
US 5491072 A	Α	19960213	US 1993-61810	19930517
CA 2123235	AA	19941118	CA 1994-2123235	19940510
AU 9463025	A1	19941201	AU 1994-63025	19940512

AU 666814	В2	19960222				
WO 9426927	A1	19941124		WO 1994-US54	37	19940516
W: JP						
JP 08500125	T2	19960109		JP 1994-5257	66	19940516
JP 3231777	В2	20011126				
PRIORITY APPLN. IN	FO.:		US	1993-61810	Α	19930517
			WO	1994-US5437	W	19940516
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MA	RPAT 122:133	003			
GI						

AB The title compds. (I; R1 = alkyl, heteroalkyl, aralkyl; R2, R6 = H, noninterfering substituents; Y = leaving group), which produce light from the reaction of a peroxide and a peroxidase in the presence of an analyte and are thus useful in **chemiluminescent** assays, are prepd. Thus, I (R1 = Me, R5 = R6 = H, Y = OPh) was prepd. from 9-acridinecarboxylic acid in 3 steps.

IT 161006-17-3P 161006-21-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of N-alkylacridancarboxyl derivs. useful for

Ι

chemiluminescent assays)

RN 161006-17-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-hydroxyphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161006-16-2 CMF C21 H16 N O3

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN

161006-21-9 HCAPLUS
Acridinium, 9-[(3-hydroxyphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM 1

CRN 161006-20-8 CMF C21 H16 N O3

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

L10 ANSWER 18 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:312281 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:76051

OCCUMENT NUMBER: 122:76051

TITLE: Acridinium derivative chemiluminescent

indicators

INVENTOR(S): Odagiri, Takeshi; Kunichika, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanyo Chemical Ind Ltd, Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06158039	A 2	19940607	JP 1992-335220	19921120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		JP 1992-335220	19921120
GT				

The indicators, suited for use in immunoassay, comprises: 2-5 groups AΒ represented by I; and a group selected from II, III, isoindolinedioneoxycarbonyl, p-nitrophenyloxycarbonyl, pentachlorophenyloxycarbonyl, isothiocyanate, isocyanate, and SO2Cl [R1 = H, C1-10 alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl; R2,3 = H, C1-5 alkyl, alkoxy, NH2, COOH, CN, NO2, CHO, halo; Q = direct bond, NR4Y; R4 = (substituted) C1-10 alkylene, alkenylene, arylene; X- = anion; Y = H, C1-10 alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, aryloxy, COOH, carboalkoxy, carboaryl, carboxamide, NH2, OH, CN, CHO, morpholino, mercapto, halo; R5,6 = (substituted) C1-10 alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl].

IT 160453-23-6

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (chemiluminescent immunoassay indicators)

RN

160453-23-6 HCAPLUS
Acridinium, 9,9'-[[4-[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-CN yl)phenyl]amino]-1-methyl-4-oxobutylidene]bis(4,1phenyleneoxycarbonyl)]bis[10-methyl-, bis(fluorosulfate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 160453-22-5 CMF C57 H44 N4 O7

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

L10 ANSWER 19 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:277037 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

122:55905

TITLE:

Hydrolytically stable chemiluminescent

labels and their conjugates, and assays therefrom by

adduct formation

INVENTOR(S):

McCapra, Frank

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

London Diagnostics, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 14 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 140,040,

abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5338847	A	19940816		US 1992-860001	19920330
FR 2625565	A1	19890707		FR 1988-17502	19881230
AU 8929270	A1	19890801		AU 1989-29270	19881230
AU 635890	B2	19930408			
DE 3891212	T	19910110		DE 1988-3891212	19881230
JP 03501772	Т2	19910418		JP 1989-501385	19881230
JP 3172522	B2	20010604			
ZA 8900019	Α	19891129		ZA 1989-19	19890103
GB 2232995	A 1	19910102		GB 1990-14479	19900628
GB 2232995	B2	19921014			
GB 2251942	A 1	19920722		GB 1992-3180	19920214
GB 2252161	A 1	19920729		GB 1992-3179	19920214
GB 2252162	A 1	19920729		GB 1992-3181	19920214
US 5321136	Α	19940614		US 1992-860410	19920330
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		US	1987-140040 B2	2 19871231
			US	1988-291843 B2	2 19881229
			US	1989-418956 B2	2 19891010
			WO	1988-US4719 A	19881230
			GB	1990-14479 A3	3 19901230

MARPAT 122:55905 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Described are a class of chemiluminescent compds. characterized by the presence an aryl ester, thioester or amide of a carboxylic acid substituted heterocyclic ring that is susceptible to chem. attack (such as by oxidic attack) to dissoc. the heterocyclic ring to a transient compd. The heterocyclic ring is ring carbon-bonded to the carbonyl of the ester, thioester and amide moiety and possesses a heteroatom in an oxidn. state that allows chemiluminescence by dissocq. a compd.

("intermediate") that decays to produce chemiluminescence, at the carbon bonded to the carbonyl. The aryl ring or ring system is ring carbon-bonded to the oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen of the ester, thioester or amide, as the case may be, and contains at least three substituents on a six-member ring. The substitution on the six-member ring comprises three or more groups acting in concert to sterically and electronically hinder hydrolysis of the ester, thioester or amide linkage. Significant to this invention is the presence of diortho electron donating substitution on the aryl unit in conjunction with meta and/or para substituents that possess a specific level of electron withdrawing capacity. That specific level of electron withdrawing capacity is a .sigma.Rp value greater than 0 and less than 1. In addn., there is the presence of an adduct affixed at the carbon atom of the heterocyclic ring to which the ester, thioester or

amide carbonyl carbon is directly bonded. Also in accordance with the present invention are conjugates of the labeling compn., assay systems utilizing the conjugates, and assay kits incorporating such chemiluminescent labels.

IT 126430-78-2P 126430-80-6P 157392-99-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(hydrolytically stable heterocyclic chemiluminescent labels and their conjugates, and assays therefrom by adduct formation)

RN 126430-78-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]methyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126430-77-1 CMF C32 H29 N2 O6

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

RN 126430-80-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(aminomethyl)-2,6-dimethoxy-3-sulfophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 126430-79-3 CMF C24 H23 N2 O7 S

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

RN 157392-99-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[[[4-[[(11.alpha.)-3,20-dioxopregn-4-en-11-yl]amino]-1,4-dioxobutyl]amino]methyl]-3-sulfophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 157392-98-8 CMF C49 H56 N3 O11 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F 03 S

L10 ANSWER 00 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:557542 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:157542

TITLE:

Preparation of hydrolytically stable

acridiniumcarboxylates as chemiluminescent

labels and assays therefrom

INVENTOR(S):

McCapra, Frank; Beheshti, Iraj

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

London Diagnostics, Inc., USA U.S., 33 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 140,040,

abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		- -		
US 5284951	Α	19940208	US 1992-859956	19920330
FR 2625565	A 1	19890707	FR 1988-17502	19881230
AU 8929270	A 1	19890801	AU 1989-29270	19881230
AU 635890	B2	19930408		
DE 3891212	${f T}$	19910110	DE 1988-3891212	19881230
JP 03501772	Т2	19910418	JP 1989-501385	19881230
JP 3172522	B2	20010604		

ZA 89000	L9	Α	19891129		ZA 1989-19		19890103
GB 22329	95	A 1	19910102		GB 1990-14479		19900628
GB 223299	95	B2	19921014				
GB 22519	12	A 1	19920722		GB 1992-3180		19920214
GB 22521	51	A 1	19920729		GB 1992-3179		19920214
GB 22521	52	A 1	19920729		GB 1992-3181		19920214
US 532113	36	Α	19940614		US 1992-86041	0	19920330
PRIORITY APPLI	I. INFO.:			US	1987-140040	B2	19871231
				US	1988-291843	B2	19881229
				US	1989-418956	B2	19891010
				WO	1988-US4719	Α	19881230
				GB	1990-14479	А3	19901230
OTHER SOURCE (S	3):	MA	RPAT 121:157	7542			

GI

AB Claimed is a novel chemiluminescent compd. comprising an aryl ester, thioester, or amide of a carboxylic acid substituted heterocyclic ring that is susceptible to chem. attack to dissoc. the heterocyclic ring to a transient compd., wherein the heterocyclic ring is ring carbon-bonded to the carbonyl of the ester, thioester or amide moiety and possesses a heteroatom in an oxidn. state that allows chemiluminescence by dissocg. a compd. at the carbon bonded to the carbonyl that decays to produce chemiluminescence, the aryl is a ring or ring system that is ring carbon-bonded to the oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen of the ester, thioester, or amide, as the case may be, and contains diortho electron donating substitution in conjunction with meta and/or para substituents that possess a .sigma.p value greater than 0 and less than 1. Also described is a novel chemiluminescent labeling compn. comprising an ester, thioester or amide covalently and jointly bonded to (1) a carbon of a heterocyclic ring or ring system that is susceptible to attack by peroxide or mol. oxygen and (2) an aryl ring or ring system wherein the heterocyclic ring or ring system is distinguished by a heteroatom thereof in an oxidn. state which causes the attacked carbon atom to form an intermediate that decays and produces chemiluminescence; the aryl ring or ring system contains at least

Ι

three substituents on a six-member arom. hydrocarbon that together sterically and electronically hinder hydrolysis of the linkage, which substituents involve ortho substituent groups on the aryl in conjunction with meta and/or para substituents thereon that possess an electron withdrawing capacity characterized as a .sigma.p value greater than 0 and less than 1. Anti-TSH antibody was labeled with title compd. I. 126430-78-2P 126430-80-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of chemiluminescent label)

RN 126430-78-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]methyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IT

CRN 126430-77-1 CMF C32 H29 N2 O6

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

RN 126430-80-6 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-(aminomethyl)-2,6-dimethoxy-3-sulfophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-

methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126430-79-3 CMF C24 H23 N2 O7 S

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

IT 157392-99-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as **chemiluminescent** label)

RN 157392-99-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[[[4-[[(11.alpha.)-3,20-dioxopregn-4-en-11-yl]amino]-1,4-dioxobutyl]amino]methyl]-3-sulfophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 157392-98-8 CMF C49 H56 N3 O11 S

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 15181-47-2 F 03 S CMF

L10 ANSWER 21 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:557433 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:157433

TITLE:

Preparation of biotinylated chemiluminescent

labels

INVENTOR(S):

Remakrishnan, Kastooriranganath Nichols Institute Diagnostics, USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

CODEN: PIXXD2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT NO.		KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
				-				
WO	9404538		A1 19940303	3	WO 1993-US7896	19930819		
	W: AU,	CA,	FI, JP, NO, NZ					
	RW: AT,	BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES,	FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,	MC, NL,	PT, S	SΕ
US	5395938		A 19950307		US 1992-933478			
EP	656005		A1 19950607	,	EP 1994-908153	19930819		
	R: AT,	BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES,	FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	MC, NL,	SE	
JP	08504751		T2 19960521		JP 1993-506574	19930819		
AU	677017		B2 19970410)	AU 1993-50864	19930819		
AU	9350864		A1 19940315	,				

19950407 NO 1995-632 19950220 NO 9500632 Α 19950420 FI 1995-764 19950220 FI 9500764 Α PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1992-933478 Α 19920821 WO 1993-US7896 19930819

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 121:157433

GΙ

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- AB Title compds comprise a biotinyl group and a heterocyclic compd. linked via a spacer. The **chemiluminescent** labels of the invention have the ability to bind to streptavidin and/or avidin per se or to streptavidin and/or avidin conjugated with an analyte. Thus, biocytin was condensed with 2,6-dimethyl-3-chlorosulfonylphenyl 10-methylacridinium-9-carboxylate fluorosulfonate to give title compd. I. Data for use of I for quantifying progesterone using a streptavidin progesterone conjugate are given.
- IT 157299-13-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as chemiluminescent label for immunoassay)

RN 157299-13-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[3-[[[1-carboxy-5-[[5-(hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl)-1-oxopentyl]amino]pentyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, [3aS-[3a.alpha.,4.beta.(R*),6a.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L10 ANSWER 22 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:318832 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

120:318832

TITLE:

Sulfonyl-substituted chemiluminescent labels and their conjugates, and assays using them

INVENTOR(S):

Ramakrishnan, Kastooriranganath

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

London Diagnostics, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 17 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 140,040,

abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5284952	 A	19940208		US 1992-859995	19920330
FR 2625565	A1	19890707		FR 1988-17502	19881230
AU 8929270	A1	19890801		AU 1989-29270	19881230
AU 635890	B2	19930408			
DE 3891212	T	19910110		DE 1988-3891212	19881230
JP 03501772	T2	19910418		JP 1989-501385	19881230
JP 3172522	В2	20010604			
ZA 8900019	Α	19891129		ZA 1989-19	19890103
GB 2232995	A1	19910102		GB 1990-14479	19900628
GB 2232995	B2	19921014			
GB 2251942	A 1	19920722		GB 1992-3180	19920214
GB 2252161	A1	19920729		GB 1992-3179	19920214
GB 2252162	A 1	19920729		GB 1992-3181	19920214
US 5321136	Α	19940614		US 1992-860410	19920330
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		US		
			US	1988-291843 B2	
			US	1989-418956 B2	
			WO		
			GB	1990-14479 A	3 19901230

MARPAT 120:318832 OTHER SOURCE(S):

A chemiluminescent labeling compn. comprises an ester, thioester or amide covalently and jointly bonded to (1) a carbon of a heterocyclic ring or ring system that is susceptible to attack by peroxide or mol. oxygen and (2) an aryl ring or ring system wherein the heterocyclic ring or ring system is distinguished by a heteroatom thereof in an oxidn. state which causes the attacked carbon atom to form an intermediate that decays and produces chemiluminescence. The aryl ring or ring system contains .gtoreq.3 substituents on a six-membered arom. hydrocarbon that together sterically and electronically hinder hydrolysis of the linkage, which substituents involve ortho substituent groups on the aryl in conjunction with meta and/or para -SO2- substituents thereon. Also disclosed are the chemiluminescent labeling compn. conjugated with a sp. binding material, a chemiluminescent assay using the conjugate, and a chemiluminescent assay kit contg. the conjugate. Prepn. of chemiluminescent labels, e.g. (2,6-dimethoxy-3-chlorosulfonyl)phenyl-N-methylacridinium-9-carboxylate fluorosulfonate, is included, as is a procedure for coupling of the labels of the invention to IgG.

IT 155301-78-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, in chemiluminescent label prepn.)

RN 155301-78-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-3-[[[2-oxo-2-(phenylmethoxy)ethyl]amino]sulfonyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 155301-77-2 CMF C32 H29 N2 O6 S

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

L10 ANSWER 23 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:115944 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

118:115944

TITLE:

Synthesis of a new chemiluminescent

immunoassay reagent - 4-(2-aminoethyl)phenyl-10-methylacridinium-9-carboxylate bromide (AEP-MAC) Luo, Shineng; Xi, Yuefen; Jin, Jian; Xie, Minhao;

AUTHOR(S):

Wang, Bocheng; Zhang, Manda; Zhang, Zhibin

Jiangsu Inst. Nucl. Med., Wuxi, 214063, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE:

Huaxue Shiji (1992), 14(5), 274-6 CODEN: HUSHDR; ISSN: 0258-3283

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

GI

Me Br
$$O=C-O$$
 $CH_2CH_2-NH_2$ @ HBr I

AB In this paper describes the synthesis of a new chemiluminescent immunoassay reagent-4-(2-aminoethyl)phenyl-10-methylacridinium-9-carboxylate bromide (I), which with an amino group can be used in the chemiluminescent immunoassay of materials with a carboxyl or active ester group. The elementary anal. results, the IR and mass spectra are consistent with the structure.

IT 145998-27-2

RN 145998-27-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 24 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:194326 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:194326

· TITLE:

Preparation of 1,2,3-triazoline-3,5-dione and 1,2,3-triazolidine-3,5-dione derivatives as

phosphorescent or chemiluminescent

dienophile reagents for analysts of vitamin D and

analogs

INVENTOR(S):

Yamada, Sachiko; Shimizu, Masato

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Biosensor Laboratories Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 26 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

III THEC. NOTE: COUNT

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04005287	A2	19920109	JP 1990-105046	19900420
JP 2638253	B2	19970806		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:	JP	1990-105046	19900420
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MA	RPAT 116:194326		13300120

GT

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The title compds. [I or II; X = phosphorescent chromogenic group or AΒ potential chemiluminescent group, e.g., Q, Q1, Q2; Y = spacer, e.g. (CH2)1, COA (CH2)m(p-C6H4)n, (CH2)1B(CH2)1; A = 0, NH; B = NH, CO2, SO2NH, p-phenylene, etc.; l = 1-5; m = 0-5; n = 0.1], useful as dienophile reagents for quant. anal. or detection of cis-diene compds., particularly vitamin D and A and their metabolites, are prepd. Thus, a DMf soln. of 0.6 mmol II (YX = C6H4CH2OH-p (prepn. given) was added to a benzene soln. of 0.4 mmol QCOCl (prepn. given) under reflux and refluxing was continued for 0.5 h to give 56.8% II (YX = C6H4CH2O2CQ) (III). To a cold (-75.degree.) suspension of 0.024 mmol vitamin D3 and 0.028 III in DMF-THF (1:1) and 0.5 .mu.L glacial AcOH was added 0.043 mmol Pb(OAc) with stirring and stirring was continued at -75.degree. for 1 h to give an Diels-Alder adduct (IV). Addnl. 5 I or II and 11 other adducts of vitamin D analogs, retinoic acid, and retinol with III or II (YX = CH2CH2Q) were prepd.

IT 140707-10-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as dienophile reagent for anal. of vitamin A, D, and analogs)

RN 140707-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[3-[[3-(3,5-dioxo-1,2,4-triazolidin-4-yl)propyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 140707-09-1 CMF C29 H28 N5 O5

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

-o-s-F

L10 ANSWER 25,0F 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:651479 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

115:251479

TITLE:

Direct chemiluminescence immunoassay (CLIA)

for muramyl tripeptide phosphatidyl-ethanolamine in

plasma

AUTHOR(S):

Gay, B.; Towbin, H.; Schnell, C.; Einsle, K.; Graf,

P.; Gygax, D.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Pharma. Res. Dev., Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Basel, Switz.

Journal of Bioluminescence and Chemiluminescence

(1991), 6(2), 73-80

CODEN: JBCHE7; ISSN: 0884-3996

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

A competitive chemiluminescent immunoassay for quantitation of muramyl tripeptide phosphatidyl-ethanolamine (I) in plasma has been developed. The assay is based on the use of an acridinium ester-labeled analog of muramyl tripeptide and a rabbit antiserum. It includes an overnight incubation and a sepn. with a second antibody covalently coupled to paramagnetic particles. The sensitivity of detection is 0.012 nmol/L, the assay working range is 0.1-5 nmol/L, and the interassay coeffs. of variation are .ltoreq.10%. Using up to 6000-fold sample dilns., a wide working range (0.1-30,000 nmol/L) is obtained. Rat plasma samples were collected during and one day after i.v. infusion of I. Following infusion, the concns. in plasma declined multiphasically. Half life was 0.37 h .+-. 0.03 (alpha phase) and 1.76 .+-. 0.08 (beta phase), clearance and vol. of distribution were 0.09 .+-. 0.02 L/h .times. kg and 0.06 .+-. 0.01 L/kg resp. The use of an acridinium ester as a chemiluminescent label overcomes the problems assocd. with

reagents of limited shelf life.

IT 137236-11-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, for chemiluminescence immunoassay for muramyl tripeptide phosphatidyl-ethanolamine in plasma)

137236-11-4 HCAPLUS RN

L-Lysine, N2-[N2-[N-(N-acetyl-.beta.-muramoyl)-L-alanyl]-D-.alpha.-CN glutaminyl]-N6-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[(10-methylacridinium-9yl)carbonyl]oxy]benzoyl]-, methyl sulfate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 137236-10-3 CMF C49 H62 N7 O15

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

CM 2

CRN 21228-90-0 CMF C H3 O4 S

Me-0-503-

L10 ANSWER 26 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

1990:528989 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:128989

Acridinium esters, liposomes containing them and their TITLE:

use in luminescence assay Law, Say Jong; Piran, Uri

INVENTOR(S): Ciba Corning Diagnostics Corp., USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	j	APPLICATION NO	. DATE
EP 353971 EP 353971	A2 A3	19900207 19901010		EP 1989-307752	19890731
EP 353971 R: BE, D	B1 E, FR, GB,	19960207 , IT, LU, I	NL		
AU 8939033	A1	19900208		AU 1989-39033	19890727
AU 634716	B2	19930304			•
JP 02096567	A2	19900409		JP 1989-199178	19890731
JP 09025422	A2	19970128		JP 1996-179488	19890731
CA 1339490	A1	19971007		CA 1989-607098	19890731
AU 9332034	A1	19930401		AU 1993-32034	19930127
AU 654754	B2	19941117			
US 5656500	Α	19970812		US 1995-440427	19950512
·	FO.:		US	1988-226639	A 19880801
			JР	1989-199178	A3 19890731

US 1992-826186 A3 19920122 US 1993-32321 A3 19930317 US 1994-325845 A1 19941019

OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

MARPAT 113:128989

R8

R7

Ι

Hydrophilic acridinium esters I [R, R1 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, orAΒ aralkyl, which may contain .gtoreq. 1 hetero atom; R2, R3, R5, R7 = H, NH2, CO2H, etc.; R4, R8 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy; R6 = CO2H, RIn, QRIn (Q = 0, S, NHCSNH, etc.; I = ionizable group; X = anion; n.gtoreq. 1)] are prepd. and encapsulated in liposomes for use as chemiluminescent markers. The marker-contg. lumisome, uni- or multilamellar, is sensitized with antigen, hapten, antibody, nucleic acid, avidin, or other receptor. A competitive- or sandwich-type immunoassay is adapted for analytic measurement by monitoring the luminescent marker after its release from lumisomes. Thus, hydrophilic 2',6'-dimethyl-4'-(sulfomethylcarbamoyl)phenyl 10-methylacridinium-9-carboxylate bromide (DMEA-AMS) was prepd. from 2',6'-dimethyl-4'-carboxyphenyl 10-methylacridinium-9-carboxylate bromide by reacting with aminoethanesulfonic acid. The DMAE-AMS was encapsulated in dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine succinylthyroxine lumisomes. Monoclonal anti-T4 antibody was also prepd. and immobilized on paramagnetic particles to facilitate sepn. A competitive binding assay for T4 was performed by using a series of stds. with known increasing amts. of T4. The particles were sepd. from the supernatant magnetically by decanting, followed by washing. The luminometric measurement of DMAE-AMS was triggered by lysis of the particle-bound liposomes with 0.25 N NaOH contg. Arquad surfactant; the luminescence had a reciprocal relation with the amt. of T4 in the sample.

IT 123655-39-0

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(liposomes contg., for luminescence anal.)

RN 123655-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Br~

123699-73-0P 128816-32-0P 128816-33-1P 128816-34-2P 128816-35-3P 128816-36-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of and liposomes contg., for luminescence anal.)

RN 123699-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(6,8-disulfo-2-naphthalenyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 128816-32-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[(sulfomethyl)amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 128816-33-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteine, N-[3,5-dimethyl-4-[[(10-methylacridinium-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]benzoyl]-S-(3-sulfopropyl)-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 128816-34-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[2-(sulfooxy)ethyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy | carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 128816-35-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[(2-phosphonoethyl)amino]carbonyl]phenoxy] carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 128816-36-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethyl-4-[[[2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl]amino]carbonyl]phe noxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me

O

$$C-NH-CH_2-CH_2-OPO_3H_2$$

Me

O

 $C=O$
 $M=O$
 M

L10 ANSWER 27 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1990:213573 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

112:213573

TITLE:

Improved chemiluminescent esters,

thioesters, and amides, their preparation, and assays

INVENTOR(S):

McCapra, Frank; Beheshti, Iraj; Hart, Russell C.; Koelling, Harlen; Patel, Ashokkumar; Ramakrishnan,

Kastooriranganath

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

London Diagnostics, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 85 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

7

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DA	ATE
EP 322926	A2 19890705	EP 1988-121915 19	881230
EP 322926	A3 19910320		
EP 322926	B1 19990811		
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, ES, FR, GB,	GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, S	SE
FR 2625565	A1 19890707	FR 1988-17502 19	9881230
WO 8906231	A1 19890713	WO 1988-US4719 19	881230
		FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, H	
	NO, RO, SE, SU		, , , , ,
• • •	CG, CM, GA, ML, MR,	SN. TD. TG	
• •		AU 1989-29270 19	881230
	B2 19930408	2505 252.0	
		DE 1988-3891212 19	9881230
		JP 1989-501385 19	
		0F 1909-501505 13	7001230
	B2 20010604	TT 1000 00040 10	2001020
		IL 1988-88848 19	
EP 916658	A1 19990519	EP 1998-123411 19	9881230

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
    AT 183311
                                          AT 1988-121915
                           19990815
                      Е
                                                           19881230
                                          ES 1988-121915
    ES 2134185
                           19991001
                      т3
                                                           19881230
    ZA 8900019
                      Α
                           19891129
                                          ZA 1989-19
                                                           19890103
    GB 2232995
                           19910102
                                          GB 1990-14479
                                                           19900628
                      A1
    GB 2232995
                      B2
                           19921014
    GB 2251942
                      A1
                           19920722
                                          GB 1992-3180
                                                           19920214
    GB 2252161
                      A1
                           19920729
                                          GB 1992-3179
                                                           19920214
    GB 2252162
                      Α1
                           19920729
                                          GB 1992-3181
                                                           19920214
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                       US 1987-140040 A 19871231
                                       US 1988-291843 A 19881229
                                       EP 1988-121915 A3 19881230
                                       WO 1988-US4719
                                                      A 19881230
                                       GB 1990-14479
                                                        A3 19901230
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AΒ Specific binding assays are disclosed which utilize a chemiluminescent compd. which has increased stability in aq. soln. The chemiluminescent moiety is an ester, thioester or amide in which the ester, thioester or amide linkage is between (1) a heterocyclic ring or ring system contg. a C atom to which the linkage is attached, wherein the heteroatom within the heterocyclic ring or ring system is in an oxidn. state which renders such C atom susceptible to attack by peroxide or 02 to form an intermediate which decays to produce chemiluminescence, and (2) an aryl ring or ring system. The aryl ring or ring system contains .gtoreq.1 substituted 6-member ring. substituted 6-member ring has .gtoreq.2 substituent groups, where .gtoreg.2 of said substituent groups sterically hinder hydrolysis of said linkage. One or more of the substituent groups which sterically hinder hydrolysis of said linkage may be an electron-withdrawing group. The substituted 6-member ring may have .gtoreq.1 addnl. substituent groups in addn. to the substituent groups which sterically hinder hydrolysis of the linkage. Such addnl. substituent groups may also be an electron withdrawing group. The C atoms in the heterocyclic ring or ring system, to which the linkage is attached, may also have a secondary substituent of the formula RnX (X is selected from the group consisting of O, N, S and C; R is any group; n is a no. such that X has proper valency). Other chemiluminescent moieties are disclosed which are characterized by a heterocyclic ring or ring system and a secondary substituent of the formula RnX, with the ester, thioester or amide linkage being between the heterocyclic ring or ring system and a leaving group. The disclosed chemiluminescent moieties can also include substituents at peri positions within the heterocyclic ring or ring system. Compns. and kits including the chemiluminescent moieties are provided, as are immunoassays employing the moieties. Stability as a function of time and pH for some of the prepd. moieties and IgG conjugates are included. (2,6-dimethoxy-3-chlorosulfonyl)phenyl-N-methyl-acridan-9-ethoxy-9carboxylate (I) was prepd. by reacting (2,6-dimethoxy-3chlorosulfonyl)phenyl-N-methyl-acridinium-9-carboxylate with K t-butoxide in abs. EtOH. I was conjugated to affinity-purified goat anti-TSH antibody and used in an immunoassay for TSH. Addn. of HNO3 to the assay mixt. contg. the labeled antibody caused the C9 ethoxy group to cleave from the acridinium mol. before the chemiluminescent reaction was triggered by NaOH. A std. curve for the assay is shown.

IT 126430-78-2P 126430-80-6P 126430-82-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of chemiluminescent label with increased resistance to hydrolysis)

RN

126430-78-2 HCAPLUS
Acridinium, 9-[[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]methyl]ph enoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

·CM

CRN 126430-77-1 CMF C32 H29 N2 O6

CM 2

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

RN 126430-80-6 HCAPLUS

Acridinium, 9-[[4-(aminomethyl)-2,6-dimethoxy-3-sulfophenoxy]carbonyl]-10-CN methyl-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126430-79-3 CMF C24 H23 N2 O7 S

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F O3 S

RN 126430-82-8 HCAPLUS

CN Pregn-4-ene-3,20-dione, 11-[4-[[[3,5-dimethoxy-4-[[(10-methylacridinium-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]methyl]amino]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, (11.alpha.)-, fluorosulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126430-81-7 CMF C49 H55 N2 O9

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 15181-47-2 CMF F 03 S

L10 ANSWER 28 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:609233 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

111:209233

TITLE:

Novel poly-substituted aryl acridinium esters and

their use in immunoassay

AUTHOR(S):

Law, Say Jong; Miller, Thomas; Piran, Uri; Klukas,

Carol; Chang, Steve; Unger, John

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Ciba-Corning Diagn., East Walpole, MA, 02032, USA Journal of Bioluminescence and Chemiluminescence

(1989), 4(1), 88-98

CODEN: JBCHE7; ISSN: 0884-3996

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Acridinium ester analogs have been developed for use as nonisotopic labels in immunoassay procedures, thereby providing an alternative to RIA. acridinium esters can be utilized in immunoassays of the sandwich, competitive, and receptor formats, and hydrophilic acridinium esters have been encapsulated in liposomes for immunoassays. The uses of the compds. and immunoassay techniques are illustrated by assays for TRH, thyroxine, and vitamin B12.

IT 123655-38-9P 123655-39-0P 123699-73-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, as label for chemiluminescent immunoassay)

123655-38-9 HCAPLUS RN

Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(2-aminoethyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-CN

dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 123655-39-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[(4-carboxy-2,6-dimethylphenoxy)carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• Br-

RN 123699-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[[(6,8-disulfo-2-naphthalenyl)amino]carbonyl]-2,6-dimethylphenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 29 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:143565 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:143565

TITLE: Chemiluminescence immunoassay for

Journal

progesterone in plasma incorporating acridinium ester

labelled antigen

AUTHOR(S): Miller, S. A.; Morton, M. S.; Turkes, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Coll. Med., Univ. Wales, Cardiff, CF4 4XX, UK

SOURCE: Annals of Clinical Biochemistry (1988), 25(1), 27-34

CODEN: ACBOBU; ISSN: 0004-5632

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

GΙ

Ι

As ensitive, solid-phase chemiluminescence immunoassay suitable for detg. progesterone concns. in plasma was developed. The solid-phase antiserum was prepd. by coupling a monoclonal progesterone-antibody, raised against a progesterone-11.alpha.-hemisuccinyl/bovine serum albumin conjugate, to CNBr-activated cellulose. I was used as the chemiluminescent label. The assay had a lower limit of sensitivity of 3 pg/assay tube and satisfied accepted validation criteria. Progesterone concns. detd. by chemiluminescence assay were in good agreement not only with a RIA in routine use but also with a gas chromatog.-mass spectrometry procedure.

IT 113578-24-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as label for chemiluminescence immunoassay)

RN 113578-24-8 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[2-[[[(11.alpha.)-3,20-dioxopregn-4-en-11-yl]oxy]acetyl]amino]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl-, salt with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 113578-23-7 CMF C46 H51 N2 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

L10 ANSWER 30 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:143480 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:143480

TITLE: Chemiluminescent labels for steroid

immunoassays

AUTHOR(S): Klingler, Wolfgang; Wiegand, Gabriele; Knuppen, Rudolf

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Biochem. Endokrinol., Med. Univ. Luebeck,

Luebeck, D-2400, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Journal of Steroid Biochemistry (1987), 27(1-3), 41-5

CODEN: JSTBBK; ISSN: 0022-4731

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB A review, with 35 refs., on the luminescence immunoassay. Three classes

of substances have been found to yield reasonable results, i.e.

aminophthalhydrazides, aminonaphthohydrazides, and acridinium esters.

Examples of application are shown.

IT 113739-38-1

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(as luminescent label for progesterone immunoassay)

RN 113739-38-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acridinium, 9-[[4-[2-[(3-carboxy-1-oxopropyl)amino]ethyl]phenoxy]carbonyl]-10-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 31 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:606723 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

103:206723

TITLE:

Chemiluminescence immunoassay of plasma

progesterone, with progesterone-acridinium ester used

as the labeled antigen

AUTHOR(S):

Richardson, A. P.; Kim, J. B.; Barnard, G. J.;

Collins, W. P.; McCapra, F.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sch. Chem. Mol. Sci., Univ. Sussex, Falmer, BN1 9QJ,

IIK

SOURCE:

Clinical Chemistry (Washington, DC, United States)

(1985), 31(10), 1664-8

CODEN: CLCHAU; ISSN: 0009-9147

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB This simple solid-phase chemiluminescence immunoassay for measurement of progesterone [57-83-0] in exts. of venous plasma has sensitivity and precision similar to that of conventional RIA with use of a tritiated antigen. The labeled antigen, 11.alpha.-progesteryl-2succinoyltyramine-4-(10-methyl)-acridinium-9-carboxylate iodide [99160-44-8] and a monoclonal antibody to progesterone-11.alpha. succinyl-bovine serum albumin are incubated with a 100 .mu.L aliquot of plasma ext. (equiv. to 20 .mu.L of plasma) and 50 .mu.L of a suspension of an IgG fraction of a donkey antiserum to mouse Igs, covalently attached to cellulose particles. After the antibody-binding reaction (60 min at 4.degree.), 1 mL of phosphate buffer is added to each tube, the tubes are centrifuged (5 min, 1500 g), and the supernatant fluid is aspirated. The washing step is repeated and dild. HCl (50 mmol/L, 50 .mu.L) is added to the pellet. Luminescence is initiated by oxidn. with dil. NaOH/H2O2. The signal is integrated over 10 s. The light yield is inversely proportional

to the progesterone concn. in the std. or sample. The sensitivity was 0.64~mM. Intraassay and interassay relative std. deviations were 7.2-12.5~and~12.4-23.3%, resp.

IT 99160-44-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as chemiluminescent marker for progesterone immunoassay)

RN 99160-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN Pregn-4-ene-3,20-dione, 11-[4-[[2-[4-[[(10-methylacridinium-9-yl)carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]amino]-1,4-dioxobutoxy]-, iodide, (11.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

• I-